# Wave $G_{r_{0}}$ <br> 2025 <br> Interim Report 

January - June

Trademarks

Corporate

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Gifts $\mathcal{E}$ Home Furnishings

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## PERIOD 1 APRIL - 30 J UNE 2023

* Net sales amounted to SEK 2,304.5 million, which was 14\% higher than last year (SEK 2,019.2 million). Currency changes affected net sales positively by $\mathbf{5 \%}$ and acquired business by $\mathbf{9 \%}$.
*) Operating result amounted to SEK 363.9 (351.0) million.
* Result for the period amounted to SEK 259.6 (265.0) million.
* Earnings per share amounted to SEK $\mathbf{1 . 9 6}$ (2.00). *
* Cash flow from operating activities amounted to SEK 230.1 (68.1) million.


## PERIOD 1 J ANUARY - 30 J UNE 2023

* Net sales amounted to SEK $\mathbf{4 , 4 4 0 . 0}$ million, which was $\mathbf{1 7 \%}$ higher than last year (SEK 3,794.1 million). Currency changes affected net sales positively by $\mathbf{5 \%}$ and acquired business by $\mathbf{9 \%}$.
*) Operating result amounted to SEK 677.3 (560.1) million.
* Result for the period amounted to SEK $\mathbf{4 8 1 . 8}$ (418.5) million.
* Earnings per share amounted to SEK 3.63 (3.15). *
* Cash flow from operating activities amounted to SEK 37.0 (73.3) million.

Equity ratio amounted to $\mathbf{5 4 . 9}$ (59.0)\%.
*) Net debt to equity ratio amounted to 42.8 (27.0)\%.
*Recalculated with regard to the $2: 1$ share split carried out in June 2023


## New all-time high in both net sales and operating result again!

## The quarter

Despite the fact that the market was weaker in the second quarter than we assessed in the first quarter, both in promo and in the retail trade, we still reached a new all-time high in sales. Net sales amounted to SEK $\mathbf{2 , 3 0 4 . 5}$ million. This is an increase of $\mathbf{1 4 \%}$. We continue to gain market share in a weaker market.

We also managed to increase operating result by SEK 12.9 million. This gives us our best second quarter ever with SEK $\mathbf{3 6 3 . 9}$ million. The operating margin fell from $\mathbf{1 7 . 4 \%}$ to $\mathbf{1 5 . 8} \%$ but is still above our target of $\mathbf{1 5 . 0}$ \%

The profit increase is due to good cost control, even though during the quarter we increased investments in both market, products and personnel and invested more time and costs analyzing various potential acquisitions. It is the 9th quarter in a row that we have increased net sales and the 10th quarter in a row that we have increased operating result.

## The half year

Again, a new all-time high for the half year. Net sales amounted to SEK 4,440.0 million, an increase of SEK $\mathbf{6 4 5 . 9}$ million or $\mathbf{1 7 \%}$. Of the increase, acquired business was $\mathbf{9 \%}$, currency changes $\mathbf{5 \%}$ and organic growth in local currencies $3 \%$, which means that we continue to take market shares. Operating result increased by SEK $\mathbf{1 1 7 . 2}$ million or by $\mathbf{2 1 \%}$ and amounted to SEK 677.3 million. The operating margin thus improved by $\mathbf{0 . 5 \%}$ and amounted to $15.3 \%$.

## Rolling 12 months

On a rolling full year, net sales now amount to SEK 9,489.4 million and operating result to SEK $\mathbf{1 , 6 2 2 . 3}$ million, which gives an operating margin of $\mathbf{1 7 . 1} \%$.

## Cash flow \& balance sheet

Our balance sheet is still very strong with an equity ratio of $\mathbf{5 4 . 9} \%$. We started in the first quarter to focus on improving our cash flow, which is already paying off. Cash flow from operating activities amounted to SEK 230.1 (68.1) million. This focus will also have continued benefits during the second half of the year and the first quarter of 2024 .

## The future

The future looks very bright. In the short term, we will face a challenging market, which we will monitor closely. Our brands, our organization, our finances, our balance sheet, etc. provide great opportunities to emerge from the current weaker market stronger than ever.

The market will be challenging for the next 2-3 quarters, but we can overcome that by gaining market share. Difficult times offer great opportunities, especially considering our capital, organization and strong balance sheet for acquisitions. In 9 months we have acquired both B.T.C. Activewear Ltd and Tenson AB. BTC gives us a very strong base in the UK and with Tenson I am optimistic that we can create the same success as we have with Craft over time.

We have now made two acquisitions in 9 months, this can be compared to no acquisition at all during 10 years (2012-2022) when we deemed that the market had too high valuations and low interest rates.

It has been a fun and exciting journey and it is only beginning. Thank you all for this quarter. Now the journey continues.


CEO

The period

# Comments on the period 

## Summary of the quarter April - June

The group's net sales increased by $14 \%$ ( $9 \%$ in local currencies), of which the acquired operation contributed 9\%. The Corporate segment increased, while Sports \& Leisure and Gifts \& Home Furnishings had lower net sales than last year. Net sales increased in Central and Southern Europe and Other countries but decreased slightly in other regions. The gross profit margin decreased and costs increased slightly. The cost increase was mainly related to the acquired business but also higher market efforts. Overall, the period's result was slightly lower than the previous year and amounted to SEK 259.6 (265.0) million.


The Corporate segment increased 34\%. All regions except Sweden and the USA improved their turnover. Sports \& Leisure decreased by $\mathbf{1 \%}$ and the segment mainly had lower net sales in the Nordic countries excluding Sweden and Central Europe. Gifts \& Home Furnishings decreased by 7\% and had lower net sales in all regions.

The promo sales channel increased by $\mathbf{2 6 \%}$ while retail sales decreased by 5\%. Promo increased in the Corporate and Sport \& Leisure segments but decreased in Gifts \& Home Furnishings. Retail sales decreased in Sports \& Leisure and Gifts \& Home Furnishings.

The gross profit margin decreased slightly compared to the previous year and amounted to 49.5 (51.0) \%. The reduction was related to the Corporate segment and the group's trading operations as well as last year's acquired unit. These businesses have a lower gross profit margin than the group as a whole and their share of the group's net sales was greater this year compared to the previous year.

The group's external costs increased compared to the previous year, which is mainly attributable to the acquired operation, volume-related costs, but also that the group increased its marketing activities. Personnel costs increased, which is due
to an adjustment to the current sales level after the savings made in previous years.

The operating result improved slightly compared to the previous year and amounted to SEK 363.9 (351.0) million, while the operating margin decreased slightly to 15.8 (17.4) \%.

Cash flow from operating activities amounted to SEK 230.1 (68.1) million. The improved cash flow is primarily an effect of lower merchandise purchases compared to last year. The inventory increased by SEK $\mathbf{2 , 0 6 4 . 1}$ million and amounted to SEK $\mathbf{5 , 7 1 4 . 8}$ $(\mathbf{3 , 6 5 0 . 7})$ million, of which the exchange rate change when converting to SEK has increased the value by SEK 227.2 million. Acquired operation increased the inventory value by SEK $\mathbf{2 7 5 . 2}$ million.


Gifts \& Home Furnishings segment

## April - June

## Net sales

Net sales amounted to SEK $\mathbf{2 , 3 0 4} .5$ million, which was 14\% higher than the previous year (SEK 2,019.2 million). The exchange rate effects had a positive impact on turnover of SEK $\mathbf{1 0 8 . 6}$ million, or $\mathbf{5 \%}$. Last year's acquisition affected turnover by $\mathbf{9 \%}$ or SEK 176.1 million.

Net sales in the USA decreased by $\mathbf{2 \%}$. Sports \& Leisure was at the same level as last year, while Corporate and Gifts \& Home Furnishings decreased. Sweden reduced its net sales by 3\% and Sports \& Leisure was also at the same level as last year, while Corporate and Gifts \& Home Furnishings decreased. In Central Europe, turnover increased by $\mathbf{6 2 \%}$, which is mainly related to last year's acquisition in the Corporate segment. Sports \& Leisure and Gifts \& Home Furnishings decreased. The Nordic countries excluding Sweden decreased by $\mathbf{1 \%}$ compared to the previous year. The Corporate segment increased, while Sports \& Leisure and Gifts \& Home Furnishings decreased. Southern Europe increased net sales by $\mathbf{1 0 \%}$ and it was mainly Corporate that increased its sales. Other countries increased by $63 \%$, which is attributable to Asia and trading activities in the Corporate segment.

## Gross profit

The gross profit margin decreased slightly compared to the previous year and amounted to $\mathbf{4 9 . 5}$ (51.0) \%. The decrease was mainly related to the Corporate segment and to the group's trading operations and last year's acquired unit. These have a lower gross profit margin than the group as a whole. As these operations have increased their share of the group's net sales, this has affected the margin negatively. Sports \& Leisure improved its margin compared to last year, while Gifts \& Home Furnishings decreased.

## Other operating income and other operating costs

Other operating income decreased by SEK $\mathbf{1 . 5}$ million to SEK 27.4 (28.9) million. Other operating income is primarily attributable to the operation's exchange rate gains and must be set against the profit line other operating expenses, where mainly the operation's exchange rate losses are reported. Other operating expenses decreased by SEK $\mathbf{2 . 0}$ million and amounted to SEK - $\mathbf{1 3 . 1}$ ( $\mathbf{- 1 5 . 1 )}$ million. The net of the abovementioned items amounted to SEK 14.3 (13.8) million.

## Costs and depreciations

External costs increased by SEK 37.3 million and amounted to SEK -382.3 ( -345.0 ) million. The increase is mainly related to the acquired operation, volume-related costs and higher marketing activities.

Personnel costs increased by SEK $\mathbf{4 9 . 8}$ million and amounted to SEK - $\mathbf{3 3 8 . 7}(-\mathbf{2 8 8 . 9}$ ) million. The increase is mostly due to more employees in the areas of sales, order processing and warehouse as well as acquired operation.

Exchange rate changes increased the abovementioned costs by SEK 34.4 million and acquired operation affected by SEK 27.7 million.

Depreciation and write-downs increased compared to the previous year and amounted to SEK -68.8 (-58.3) million. The increase is primarily related to depreciation of right-of-use assets linked to leasing, which negatively affected depreciation by SEK 9.3 million.

## Operating result

Operating result improved by SEK $\mathbf{1 2 . 9}$ million compared to the previous year and amounted to SEK 363.9 ( $\mathbf{3 5 1 . 0}$ ) million. The improved operating result is mainly the result of last year's acquisition, which increased operating result by SEK $\mathbf{1 1 . 4}$ million. The operating margin decreased and amounted to $\mathbf{1 5 . 8}$ (17.4) \%.

## Net financial items and tax

Net financial items amounted to SEK - $\mathbf{3 5 . 1}$ (-10.4) million. The group's net debt increased in previous quarters due to inventory build-up and a company acquisition, which increased interest costs at the same time as interest levels increased compared to last year. Tax on the period's results amounted to SEK -69.2 (-75.5) million. The effective tax rate amounted to 21.0 (22.1) \%.

## Result for the period

The result for the period was slightly lower than last year and amounted to SEK 259.6 (265.0) million. Earnings per share amounted to SEK 1.96 (2.00).



## January - June

## Net sales

Net sales amounted to SEK $\mathbf{4 , 4 4 0 . 0}$ million, which was $\mathbf{1 7 \%}$ higher than the previous year (SEK 3,794.1 million). Exchange rate effects had a positive impact on sales by SEK 214.4 million, which corresponds to 6\%. Last year's acquisition of B.T.C. Activewear Ltd affected turnover by $\mathbf{9 \%}$ or SEK 331.7 million.

Net sales in the USA increased by $\mathbf{1 0 \%}$, which was related to the Sports \& Leisure segment. Sweden increased sales by $\mathbf{1 \%}$. Sports \& Leisure increased, while Corporate and Gifts \& Home Furnishings decreased. Central Europe increased by $\mathbf{6 9 \%}$, which was mainly due to last year's acquisitions in the Corporate segment. Southern Europe increased by $19 \%$, which was also mainly an increase in the Corporate segment. The Nordic countries excluding Sweden increased by $6 \%$, which was related to Corporate and Sports \& Leisure, while Gifts and Home Furnishings decreased. Other countries increased by $2 \%$.

The promo sales channel increased by $\mathbf{2 4 \%}$ and retail sales improved by $\mathbf{5 \%}$. Net sales increased in both sales channels regarding Corporate and Sports \& Leisure, while Gifts and Home Furnishings decreased in both sales channels.

## Gross profit

The gross profit margin was higher than the previous year and amounted to $\mathbf{5 0 . 1}$ (49.4) \%. It is primarily Sports \& Leisure that increased its margin, while Corporate and Gifts \& Home Furnishings remained at the same level as last year.

## Other operating income and other operating costs

Other operating income decreased by SEK $\mathbf{0 . 4}$ million to SEK 51.1 (51.5) million. Other operating income is primarily attributable to the operation's exchange rate gains and must be set against the profit line other operating expenses where the operation's exchange rate losses are reported. Other operating expenses decreased by SEK 3.6 million and amounted to SEK -23.3 (-26.9) million. The net of the above-mentioned items amounted to SEK 27.8 (24.6) million.

## Costs and depreciations

External costs increased by SEK $\mathbf{1 1 4 . 1}$ million and amounted to SEK -770.7 (-656.6) million. The increase is mainly related to volume-related costs but also higher marketing activities. Personnel costs increased by SEK $\mathbf{1 0 4 . 0}$ million and amounted to SEK -667.5 $(-563.5)$ million. The increase is mainly related to more employees in the areas of sales, order processing and warehouse.

Exchange rate changes increased the above mentioned costs by SEK $\mathbf{7 1 . 7}$ million and acquired operation affected by SEK $\mathbf{5 2 . 1}$ million.

Depreciation and write-downs increased compared to the previous year and amounted to SEK $\mathbf{- 1 3 4 . 2}$ (-117.1) million. The increase is primarily related to depreciation of right-of-use assets linked to leasing, which negatively affected depreciation by SEK 10.4 million.

## Operating result

Operating result increased by SEK $\mathbf{1 1 7 . 2}$ million and amounted to SEK 677.3 (560.1) million. The improvement is mainly related to a higher net turnover and improved gross profit margin. Acquired operation contributed SEK 20.9 million. The operating margin improved and amounted to 15.3 (14.8) \%.

## Net financial items and tax

Net financial items amounted to SEK -63.6 (-20.0) million, which is related to a higher net debt attributable to the group's inventory build-up and company acquisition. This increased interest costs at the same time as interest rates increased compared to last year.

The tax cost for the period amounted to SEK - $\mathbf{1 3 2 . 0}$ (-121.5) million. The effective tax rate amounted to 21.5 (22.5) \%.

## Result for the period

Result for the period amounted to SEK 481.8 (418.5) million and earnings per share amounted to SEK 3.63 (3.15).

## Reporting of operating segments

New Wave Group divides its operations into the segments Corporate, Sports \& Leisure and Gifts \& Home Furnishings. The Group monitors the segments' and brands' sales as well as operating result. The operating segments are based on the Group's operational management.


## Corporate

Net sales for the second quarter increased by 34\% and amounted to SEK 1,231.7 (919.1) million. Acquired operation had an impact of SEK $\mathbf{1 7 6 . 1}$ million or $\mathbf{1 9 \%}$. Sales increased in most regions but decreased in the USA and Sweden. Both sales channels increased their net sales. Operating result improved by SEK 20.8 million and amounted to SEK 225.2 (204.4) million. The higher result was related to higher net sales, but the segment also had a lower gross profit margin and higher costs. Acquired operation contributed SEK 11.4 million.

Net sales for the first six months of the year amounted to SEK $\mathbf{2 , 2 8 3 . 6}(\mathbf{1 , 7 7 0 . 4})$ million. Acquired operation had an impact of SEK $\mathbf{3 3 1 . 7}$ million or $\mathbf{1 9 \%}$. Net sales decreased in the USA and Sweden but increased in other regions. Both sales channels increased their net sales. Operating result improved by SEK 98.4 million and amounted to SEK 428.6 (330.2) million. The higher result is mainly related to the higher net sales. However, the segment has a lower gross profit margin and higher costs. Acquired operation contributed SEK 20.9 million.

## Sports $\mathcal{E}$ Leisure

Net sales during the period April-June decreased slightly and amounted to SEK 869.2 (881.5) million. The segment had lower net sales in Central Europe, the Nordics countries (excluding Sweden) and Other countries. The promo sales channel increased while retail sales decreased. Operating result amounted to SEK 140.2 (134.5) million. The higher result was mainly due to an improved gross profit margin.

Net sales for the period January-June increased by $\mathbf{1 0 \%}$ and amounted to SEK $\mathbf{1 , 7 8 6 . 6}$ (1,628.2) million. Sales increased in both sales channels. The segment had higher net sales in all regions. Operating result increased by SEK 38.5 million and amounted to SEK 268.2 (229.7) million. The improvement is related to the higher net sales and an improved gross profit margin. However, the segment also had higher costs.



## Gifts \& Home Furnishings

Net sales for the second quarter decreased by $\mathbf{7 \%}$ and amounted to SEK 203.7 (218.6) million. The segment had lower net sales in all regions and in both sales channels. Operating result decreased compared to last year and amounted to SEK -1.6 (12.1) million. In addition to lower net sales, the segment also had a lower gross profit margin and higher costs, mainly in the form of more employees.

Net sales for the period January-June decreased by $6 \%$ and amounted to SEK 369.8 (395.5) million. Sales decreased in both sales channels and in all regions. Operating result decreased by SEK 19.6 million compared to the previous year and amounted to SEK - $\mathbf{1 9 . 4}$ (0.2) million. The lower result was mainly related to lower sales but also higher marketing costs and more employees.

## Capital tied up

Capital tied up in inventories increased by SEK $\mathbf{2 , 0 6 4 . 1}$ million compared to the previous year and amounted to SEK $5,714.8(\mathbf{3}, 650.7)$ million. Exchange rate changes have increased the inventory value by SEK 227.2 million and acquired operation affected by SEK 275.2 million. The inventory's turnover rate is on par with the previous year and amounted to 1.1 (1.2) times.

|  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | SEK million | $\mathbf{3 0}$ Jun |
| Raw materials | $\mathbf{3 0}$ Jun |  |
| Work in progress | $\mathbf{6 1 . 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 2}$ |
| Goods in transit | 359.6 | 2.6 |
| Finished goods | 5.292 .5 | 3.105 .7 |
| Total | $\mathbf{5 . 7 1 4 . 8}$ | $\mathbf{3 . 6 5 0 . 7}$ |

As of 30 June, total obsolescence deductions (the difference between the lowest of acquisition value and fair value) for inventory amounted to SEK 151.7 (165.3) million and obsolescence reserve for finished goods inventory amounted to 2.9 (5.0) \%.

Accounts receivable amounted to SEK 1,501.7 $(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{3 3 3 . 6})$ million, where the increase is mainly related to the higher net sales.

## Investments, financing and liquidity

The quarter's cash flow from operating activities amounted to SEK 230.1 (68.1) million. The improved cash flow is mainly attributable to lower purchases of goods than last year. Cash flow from investment activities amounted to SEK -82.8 (-55.2) million.

For the first six months of the year, cash flow from operating activities amounted to SEK $\mathbf{3 7 . 0}$ million, which was slightly lower than the previous year (SEK 73.3 million). The lower cash flow is mainly related to payment of last year's inventory build-up.

Net debt increased by SEK $\mathbf{1}, 293.8$ million and amounted to SEK $2,649.9(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{3 5 6 . 1})$ million. The increase was related to indebtedness with credit institutions and is attributable to last year's acquisition and inventory build-up. The net debt ratio and net debt through working capital increased and amounted to 42.8 (27.0) \% and 46.9 (37.3) \% respectively.

The equity ratio decreased by 4.1 percentage points compared to the previous year and amounted to $\mathbf{5 4 . 9} \mathbf{( 5 9 . 0})$ \%. The lower equity ratio is attributable to higher net debt in connection with last year's acquisition and inventory build-up.

During the quarter, the group increased its credit line by SEK $\mathbf{2 0 0 . 0}$ million. The credit line on June 30 amounted to SEK 3,019.2 million, of which SEK 200.0 million runs through December 31 2023, USD 4.2 million runs through January 2024, SEK 2,150.0 million runs through December 2024, SEK $\mathbf{1 8 5 , 9}$ million runs through August 2027, and SEK $\mathbf{1 8 7 . 5}$ million has a
term that extends to and including December 2030. The other SEK $\mathbf{2 5 0 . 0}$ million has a term of between three months and six years. The credit line is limited in amount to and dependent on the value of certain underlying assets. The financing agreement means that key figures (covenants) must be met in order to maintain the credit line.

## Personnel and organization

The average number of annual employees as of June 30 amounted to $\mathbf{2 , 4 4 9}(\mathbf{2}, \mathbf{2 0 6})$ people, of which $\mathbf{4 9 \%}$ were men and $\mathbf{5 1 \%}$ were women. Of the number of employees, 501 (472) people work in production.

The production within the New Wave Group is attributable to AHEAD (embroidery), Cutter \& Buck (embroidery), Kosta Boda, Orrefors, Seger, Termo and Toppoint.

## Related party transactions

Lease agreements exist with related companies. Related companies to the CEO have purchased merchandise. In addition, there are transactions with related parties at insignificant values. All transactions have taken place on market terms.

## The Parent company

Total revenue for the quarter amounted to SEK 38.8 (38.9) million. Result before allocations and tax amounted to SEK 451.9 (211.0) million. The
improvement in earnings was mainly attributable to dividends from foreign subsidiaries. The net debt amounted to SEK $\mathbf{2 , 1 8 4 . 5}$ (876.8) million. The parent company's net financing to subsidiaries amounted to SEK $\mathbf{2 , 8 9 4}$. $\mathbf{1}(\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{5 1 9} .3$ ) million. The increase in net debt and net financing to subsidiaries is related to last year's acquisition and the subsidiaries' inventory build-up. The cash flow from investment activities amounted to SEK 9.2 (0.3) million, which is related to an intra-group company sale. The balance sheet total amounted to SEK $\mathbf{5 , 9 0 3 . 0}(\mathbf{4}, \mathbf{1 5 2 . 6})$ million and the equity, including the equity share of untaxed reserves, to SEK 2,689.8 $(\mathbf{2}, \mathbf{4 8 6} .7)$ million.

Total revenue for the period January-June amounted to SEK 76.8 ( $\mathbf{7 4 . 0}$ ) million. Result before appropriations and tax amounted to SEK 461.0 (212.0) million. The improvement in earnings was mainly attributable to dividends from foreign subsidiaries. The cash flow from investment activities amounted to SEK 47.4 (0.2) million. The improvement was due to intra-group company sales.

## Subsequent Events

As of July 1, New Wave Group AB has acquired $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ of the shares in the Swedish outdoor company Tenson AB , note 8 .


## Calendar

| 7 NOV | Interim report for the third quarter |
| :--- | :--- |
| 9 FEB | Year-end report 2023 |
| 25 APR | Interim report for the first quarter |
| 16 MAY | Annual General Meeting |

The company's auditors have not conducted any review of the report for the second quarter of 2023.

The Board of Directors and CEO declare that the year-end report gives a true and fair overview of the company's and Group's operations, financial position and earnings, and describes the significant risks and uncertainty factors faced by the company and the companies included in the Group.
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## Gothenburg, August 16, 2023

New Wave Group AB (publ)


Olof Persson
Chairman of the Board

Cha BellaCa
Gina Bilander
Member of the Board


Jonas Eriksson
Member of the Board


Ralph Mühlrad
Member of the Board

M. John Widerberg Member of the Board


Isabella Jansson
Member of the Board

## Tuna did

Ingrid Söderlund
Member of the Board

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## Consolidated income statement

| SEK million Note | 3 months Apr - Jun 2023 | $\begin{array}{r} 3 \text { months } \\ \text { Apr - Jun } \\ 2022 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Jun } \\ 2023 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Jun } \\ 2022 \end{array}$ | 12 months Jan - Dec 2022 | $\begin{array}{r} 12 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Dec } \\ 2021 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Netsales 3, 4, 5 | 2304.5 | 2019.2 | 4440.0 | 3794.1 | 8843.6 | 6718.6 |
| Goods for resale | -1 164.8 | -989.8 | -2 217.4 | -1921.4 | -4 468.4 | -3 489.3 |
| Gross profit | 1139.7 | 1029.4 | 2222.6 | 1872.7 | 4375.2 | 3229.3 |
| Other operating income | 27.4 | 28.9 | 51.1 | 51.5 | 123.9 | 111.5 |
| External costs | -382.3 | -345.0 | -770.7 | -656.6 | -1470.3 | -1067.9 |
| Personnel costs | -338.7 | -288.9 | -667.5 | -563.5 | -1 205.3 | -1 016.9 |
| Amortizations, depreciations and write-downs of tangible and intangible fixed assets | -68.8 | -58.3 | -134.2 | -117.1 | -249.2 | -227.3 |
| Other operating costs | -13.1 | -15.1 | -23.3 | -26.9 | -67.4 | -21.7 |
| Share of associated companies' result | -0.3 | 0.0 | -0.6 | 0.0 | -1.8 | -1.1 |
| Operating result | 363.9 | 351.0 | 677.3 | 560.1 | 1505.1 | 1005.9 |
| Financial income | 0.9 | 1.5 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 3.7 | 3.0 |
| Financial expenses | -36.0 | -11.9 | -65.6 | -22.1 | -58.7 | -46.0 |
| Net financial items | -35.1 | -10.4 | -63.6 | -20.0 | -55.0 | -43.0 |
| Result before tax | 328.8 | 340.6 | 613.8 | 540.1 | 1450.1 | 962.9 |
| Tax expense | -69.2 | -75.5 | -132.0 | -121.5 | -281.3 | -202.9 |
| Result for the period | 259.6 | 265.0 | 481.8 | 418.5 | 1168.8 | 760.0 |
| Other comprehensive income: Items that can be reclassified into profit or loss: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Translation differences | 254.8 | 247.2 | 248.5 | 317.5 | 434.2 | 230.3 |
| Cash flow hedges | -4.5 | 7.8 | -4.2 | 8.0 | 2.4 | 3.3 |
| Sum | 250.3 | 255.0 | 244.3 | 325.5 | 436.6 | 233.6 |
| Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income | 1.0 | -1.6 | 0.9 | -1.6 | -0.5 | -0.7 |
| Total other comprehensive for the period | 251.3 | 253.3 | 245.2 | 323.8 | 436.1 | 232.9 |
| Total comprehensive income for the period | 510.9 | 518.4 | 727.0 | 742.4 | 1604.9 | 992.9 |
| Result for the period attributable to: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shareholders of the Parent company | 259.6 | 264.9 | 481.8 | 418.4 | 1168.8 | 760.3 |
| Non-controlling interest | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | -0.3 |
|  | 259.6 | 265.0 | 481.8 | 418.5 | 1168.8 | 760.0 |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to: <br> Shareholders of the Parent company | 510.9 | 518.4 | 727.0 | 742.4 | 1604.9 | 992.8 |
| Non-controlling interest | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 |
|  | 510.9 | 518.4 | 727.0 | 742.4 | 1604.9 | 992.9 |
| Earnings per share (SEK)* | 1.96 | 2.00 | 3.63 | 3.15 | 8.81 | 5.73 |
| The average number of outstanding shares** | 132687086 | 132687086 | 132687086 | 132687086 | 132687086 | 132687086 |

[^1]
## Consolidated cash flow statement

| SEK million Note | 3 months Apr - Jun 2023 | 3 months Apr - Jun 2022 | 6 months Jan - Jun 2023 | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Jun } \\ 2022 \end{array}$ | 12 months Jan - Dec 2022 | 12 months Jan - Dec 2021 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating result | 363.9 | 351.0 | 677.4 | 560.1 | 1505.1 | 1005.9 |
| Adjustment for items not included in cash flow | 33.5 | 55.3 | 100.6 | 108.6 | 253.7 | 194.8 |
| Received interest | 1.8 | 0.5 | 2.0 | 0.7 | 7.6 | 1.8 |
| Paid interest | -36.9 | -10.9 | -65.6 | -20.7 | -62.7 | -44.8 |
| Paid income tax | -102.6 | -49.8 | -156.9 | -99.0 | -320.6 | -164.7 |
| Cash flow from operating activities before changes in working capital | 259.7 | 346.0 | 557.5 | 549.6 | 1383.2 | 993.0 |
| Changes in working capital |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Increase/decrease of inventories | -5.8 | -360.7 | -264.8 | -587.2 | -1983.1 | 57.8 |
| Increase/decrease of current receivables | -30.2 | -119.2 | 251.3 | 86.6 | -186.8 | -269.9 |
| Increase/decrease of current liabilities | 6.4 | 202.0 | -507.0 | 24.3 | 426.7 | 426.5 |
| Cash flow from changes in working capital | -29.6 | -277.9 | -520.5 | -476.3 | -1743.2 | 214.4 |
| Cash flow from operating activities | 230.1 | 68.1 | 37.0 | 73.3 | -360.0 | 1207.4 |
| Investing activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Investments in tangible fixed assets | -87.8 | -60.3 | -125.9 | -82.9 | -123.7 | -105.3 |
| Sales of tangible fixed assets | 8.5 | 7.1 | 9.3 | 9.8 | 10.7 | 9.9 |
| Investments in intangible fixed assets | -3.5 | -2.0 | -6.9 | -7.4 | -10.5 | -18.8 |
| Acquisition of shares | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -398.7 | 0.0 |
| Cash flow from investing activities 3 | -82.8 | -55.2 | -123.5 | -80.5 | -522.2 | -114.2 |
| Cash flow after investing activities | 147.3 | 12.9 | -86.5 | -7.2 | -882.2 | 1093.2 |
| Financial activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loans raised | 159.0 | 314.7 | 420.1 | 357.0 | 1465.6 | 0.0 |
| Amortization of loans | -30.6 | -26.9 | -64.0 | -52.3 | -111.3 | -706.5 |
| Amortization of lease liabilities | -40.3 | -34.3 | -78.0 | -67.5 | -138.2 | -126.5 |
| Acquisition of non-controlling interests | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -12.5 |
| Dividend paid to the shareholders of the Parent company | -216.3 | -282.0 | -216.3 | -282.0 | -282.0 | -265.4 |
| Cash flow from financial activities | -128.2 | -28.4 | 61.8 | -44.7 | 934.1 | -1 110.9 |
| Cash flow for the period | 19.1 | -15.5 | -24.7 | -51.9 | 51.9 | -17.7 |
| Liquid assets at the beginning of the period | 376.7 | 298.6 | 419.4 | 327.9 | 327.9 | 325.1 |
| Translation differences in liquid assets | 20.7 | 22.4 | 21.8 | 29.5 | 39.6 | 20.5 |
| Liquid assets at the end of the period | 416.5 | 305.5 | 416.5 | 305.5 | 419.4 | 327.9 |
| Liquid assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash at bank and in hand | 416.5 | 305.5 | 416.5 | 305.5 | 419.4 | 327.9 |

## Consolidated balance sheet

SEK million

| Note |
| ---: |
| 3 |
| 3 |
|  |
| 3,5 |
| 5 |

ASSETS
Intangible fixed assets
$\begin{array}{r}1 \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline\end{array}$
Total non-current assets 5

Inventory
Current tax receivables
Accounts receivable
Other receivables
Prepaid expenses and accrued income
Liquid assets
Total current assets

TOTAL ASSETS
3,6

| $\begin{array}{r} 30 \text { Jun } \\ 2023 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 30 \text { Jun } \\ 2022 \end{array}$ | 31 Dec $2022$ | 31 Dec 2021 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1818.2 | 1601.4 | 1768.5 | 1474.7 |
| 1425.4 | 1287.3 | 1319.6 | 1258.3 |
| 37.0 | 38.7 | 38.7 | 38.7 |
| 13.4 | 12.5 | 13.9 | 11.8 |
| 132.1 | 108.5 | 129.2 | 93.5 |
| 3426.0 | 3048.3 | 3269.9 | 2877.0 |
| 5714.8 | 3650.7 | 5297.7 | 2937.6 |
| 29.0 | 27.2 | 30.2 | 16.7 |
| 1501.7 | 1333.6 | 1664.1 | 1359.6 |
| 88.4 | 100.5 | 169.6 | 86.3 |
| 100.7 | 59.0 | 92.7 | 55.3 |
| 416.5 | 305.5 | 419.4 | 327.9 |
| 7851.1 | 5476.5 | 7673.7 | 4783.6 |
| 11277.2 | 8524.8 | 10943.6 | 7660.6 |
| 199.0 | 199.0 | 199.0 | 199.0 |
| 219.4 | 219.4 | 219.4 | 219.4 |
| 1175.5 | 815.6 | 927.9 | 489.4 |
| 4591.3 | 3792.8 | 4543.1 | 3658.8 |
| 6185.2 | 5026.8 | 5889.4 | 4566.7 |
| 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 0.9 |
| 6186.3 | 5027.9 | 5890.5 | 4567.6 |
| 2797.1 | 1436.2 | 2418.4 | 1166.8 |
| 26.0 | 22.6 | 24.1 | 19.4 |
| 5.4 | 6.3 | 7.2 | 7.1 |
| 162.0 | 151.8 | 159.2 | 138.4 |
| 2990.5 | 1616.9 | 2608.9 | 1331.6 |
| 269.3 | 225.4 | 330.6 | 229.9 |
| 990.3 | 998.0 | 1404.8 | 926.1 |
| 80.9 | 149.9 | 104.4 | 89.9 |
| 364.3 | 159.1 | 174.7 | 163.6 |
| 395.6 | 347.6 | 429.7 | 351.9 |
| 2100.4 | 1879.9 | 2444.2 | 1761.4 |
| 5090.8 | 3496.9 | 5053.1 | 3093.0 |
| 11277.2 | 8524.8 | 10943.6 | 7660.6 |

$\qquad$

## Consolidated statement of changes in equity

| SEK million | Share capital | Other capital contributions | Reserves | Retained earnings incl. result for the period | Total | Noncontrolling interest | Total equity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Opening balance 2022-01-01 | 199.0 | 219.4 | 489.4 | 3658.8 | 4566.7 | 0.9 | 4567.6 |
| Result for the period |  |  |  | 418.5 | 418.5 | 0.1 | 418.5 |
| Other comprehensive income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Translation differences |  |  | 317.3 |  | 317.3 | 0.2 | 317.5 |
| Cash flow hedges for the period |  |  | 8.0 |  | 8.0 |  | 8.0 |
| Reclassification of previous years' cash flow hedge |  |  | 2.6 | -2.6 | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |
| Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income |  |  | -1.6 |  | -1.6 |  | -1.6 |

Transactions with shareholders

| Dividends to shareholders of the <br> Parent company |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Closing balance 2022-06-30 | $\mathbf{1 9 9 . 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 1 9 . 4}$ | $\mathbf{8 1 5 . 6}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ |  |


| SEK million | Share capital | Other capital contributions | Reserves | ned ear- <br> cl. result <br> period | Total | Noncontrolling interest | Total equity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Opening balance 2023-01-01 | 199.0 | 219.4 | 927.9 | 4543.1 | 5889.4 | 1.1 | 5890.5 |
| Result for the period |  |  |  | 481.8 | 481.8 | 0.0 | 481.8 |
| Other comprehensive income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Translation differences |  |  | 248.5 |  | 248.5 | 0.0 | 248.5 |
| Cash flow hedges for the period |  |  | -4.2 |  | -4.2 |  | -4.2 |
| Reclassification of previous years' cash flow hedge |  |  | 2.4 | -2.4 | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |
| Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income |  |  | 0.9 |  | 0.9 |  | 0.9 |


| Transactions with shareholders <br> Dividends to shareholders of the <br> Parent company |
| :--- |
| Closing balance 2023-06-30 |


|  | Jan - jun | Jan - jun |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Accumulated translation differences in equity | 2023 | 2022 |
| Accumulated translation differences at the beginning of the period | 931.2 | 497.0 |
| Translation differences in foreign Group companies for the period | 248.5 | 317.5 |
| Accumulated translation differences at the end of period | 1179.7 | 814.5 |

## Financial key figures

|  | $\begin{array}{r} 3 \text { months } \\ \text { Apr - Jun } \\ 2023 \end{array}$ | 3 months Apr - Jun 2022 | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Jun } \\ 2023 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Jun } \\ 2022 \end{array}$ | 12 months Jan - Dec 2022 | 12 months Jan - Dec 2021 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net sales growth, \% | 14.1 | 35.8 | 17.0 | 38.0 | 31.6 | 10.2 |
| Organic growth, \% | 0.0 | 29.5 | 2.6 | 32.4 | 20.8 | 12.9 |
| Aquired growth, \% | 8.7 | 0.0 | 8.7 | 0.0 | 3.7 | 0.0 |
| Average number of employees | 2449 | 2206 | 2449 | 2206 | 2313 | 2060 |
| Gross profit margin, \% | 49.5 | 51.0 | 50.1 | 49.4 | 49.5 | 48.1 |
| Operating margin before depreciations, \% | 18.8 | 20.3 | 18.3 | 17.8 | 19.8 | 18.4 |
| Operating margin, \% | 15.8 | 17.4 | 15.3 | 14.8 | 17.0 | 15.0 |
| Profit margin, \% | 14.3 | 16.9 | 13.8 | 14.2 | 16.4 | 14.3 |
| Net margin, \% | 11.3 | 13.1 | 10.9 | 11.0 | 13.2 | 11.3 |
| Return on shareholders' equity, \% | 20.5 | 19.7 | 20.5 | 19.7 | 25.0 | 18.0 |
| Return on capital employed, \% | 18.2 | 19.4 | 18.2 | 19.4 | 20.7 | 16.9 |
| Equity ratio, \% | 54.9 | 59.0 | 54.9 | 59.0 | 53.8 | 59.6 |
| Net debt, SEK million | 2649.9 | 1356.1 | 2649.9 | 1356.1 | 2329.6 | 1068.8 |
| Net debt to credit institutes, SEK million | 2000.9 | 695.2 | 2000.9 | 695.2 | 1635.4 | 375.1 |
| Net debt to equity ratio, \% | 42.8 | 27.0 | 42.8 | 27.0 | 39.5 | 23.4 |
| Net debt in relation to working capital, \% | 46.9 | 37.3 | 46.9 | 37.3 | 44.7 | 35.7 |
| Interest coverage ratio, times | 10.1 | 29.6 | 10.4 | 25.4 | 25.7 | 21.9 |
| Capital furnover, times | 0.9 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.9 |
| Inventory furnover, times | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.2 |
| Cash flow before investments, SEK million | 230.1 | 68.1 | 37.0 | 73.3 | -360.0 | 1207.4 |
| Net investments, SEK million | -82.8 | -55.2 | -123.5 | -80.5 | -522.2 | -114.2 |
| Cash flow after investments, SEK million | 147.3 | 12.9 | -86.5 | -7.2 | -882.2 | 1093.2 |
| Shareholders' equity per share, before and after dilution, SEK* | 46.62 | 37.88 | 46.62 | 37.88 | 44.39 | 34.42 |
| Share price as of the balance sheet date, SEK* | 94.84 | 68.05 | 94.84 | 68.05 | 103.20 | 83.90 |
| Dividend/share, SEK* | 3.25 | 2.125 | 3.25 | 2.125 | 2.125 | 2.00 |
| P/E-ratio | 10.21 | 9.80 | 10.21 | 9.80 | 11.72 | 14.64 |
| P/S-ratio | 1.33 | 1.16 | 1.33 | 1.16 | 1.55 | 1.66 |
| Share price/Shareholders' equity | 2.03 | 1.80 | 2.03 | 1.80 | 2.33 | 2.44 |

[^2]*Recalculated with regard to the 2:1 share split carried out in June 2023.

## Income statement

| SEK million | $\begin{array}{r} 3 \text { months } \\ \text { Apr - Jun } \\ 2023 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3 \text { months } \\ \text { Apr - Jun } \\ 2022 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Jun } \\ 2023 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Jun } \\ 2022 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 12 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Dec } \\ 2022 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 12 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Dec } \\ 2021 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net sales | 30.0 | 26.4 | 55.9 | 50.5 | 100.1 | 90.4 |
| Other operating income | 8.8 | 12.5 | 20.9 | 23.5 | 61.6 | 18.0 |
| Total income | 38.8 | 38.9 | 76.8 | 74.0 | 161.7 | 108.4 |
| External costs | -24.5 | -17.2 | -45.3 | -31.9 | -70.4 | -62.6 |
| Personnel costs | -13.2 | -11.2 | -24.8 | -23.1 | -45.5 | -41.5 |
| Amortizations, depreciations and write-downs of tangible and intangible fixed assets | -0.7 | -1.3 | -1.4 | -2.5 | -4.5 | -5.4 |
| Other operating costs | -9.9 | -11.0 | -16.6 | -20.4 | -52.4 | -14.3 |
| Operating result | -9.5 | -1.8 | -11.4 | -3.9 | -11.2 | -15.4 |
| Result from shares in Group companies | 425.7 | 207.7 | 425.7 | 207.7 | 247.2 | 470.6 |
| Changes in write-downs of financial assets | 20.0 | 0.0 | 19.6 | 0.0 | -4.3 | 7.1 |
| Financial income | 57.6 | 10.8 | 101.6 | 18.9 | 69.7 | 36.3 |
| Financial expenses | -41.8 | -5.7 | -74.5 | -10.7 | -44.5 | -23.9 |
| Net financial items | 461.4 | 212.8 | 472.4 | 215.9 | 268.1 | 490.1 |
| Result before appropriations and tax | 451.9 | 211.0 | 461.0 | 212.0 | 257.0 | 474.7 |
| Appropriations | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 125.3 | 144.9 |
| Tax expense | -1.4 | -0.7 | -3.2 | -0.9 | -24.6 | -26.9 |
| Result for the period | 450.5 | 210.3 | 457.8 | 211.1 | 357.6 | 592.8 |

Total comprehensive income for the period
corresponds with result for the period.

## Cash flow statement

| SEK million | Note | 3 months Apr - Jun 2023 | 3 months Apr - Jun 2022 | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \text { months } \\ & \text { Jan - Jun } \\ & 2023 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \text { months } \\ & \text { Jan - Jun } \\ & 2022 \end{aligned}$ | 12 months Jan - Dec 2022 | 12 months Jan - Dec 2021 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating result |  | -9.5 | -1.8 | -11.4 | -3.9 | -11.2 | -15.4 |
| Adjustment for items not included in cash flow |  | 4.6 | 16.1 | 11.2 | 21.3 | 42.1 | -0.5 |
| Received dividends |  | 425.7 | 207.7 | 425.7 | 207.7 | 247.2 | 470.6 |
| Received interest |  | 57.6 | 10.8 | 101.6 | 18.9 | 69.7 | 36.3 |
| Paid interest |  | -41.8 | -5.7 | -74.5 | -10.7 | -44.5 | -23.9 |
| Paid income tax |  | -7.6 | -2.9 | -13.9 | -6.3 | -26.3 | -13.2 |
| Cash flow from operating activities before changes in working capital |  | 429.0 | 224.3 | 438.8 | 227.1 | 277.1 | 453.8 |
| Changes in working capital |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Increase/decrease in current receivables |  | -30.7 | -238.1 | -179.2 | -280.3 | -1333.2 | 49.7 |
| Increase/decrease in current liabilities |  | -302.0 | -7.7 | -406.1 | 29.5 | 459.6 | 65.1 |
| Cash flow from changes in working capital |  | -332.7 | -245.8 | -585.3 | -250.8 | -873.6 | 114.8 |
| Cash flow from operating activities |  | 96.3 | -21.6 | -146.5 | -23.8 | -596.5 | 568.6 |
| Investing activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shareholder contributions to Group companies |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | -50.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -20.4 |
| Investments in associated companies |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Investments in tangible fixed assets |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | -0.1 | -0.2 | 0.0 |
| Investments in intangible fixed assets |  | -0.1 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 0.0 | -0.5 | -6.1 |
| Acquisition of shares |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -409.2 | -12.5 |
| Intra-Group sales of Group companies |  | 9.1 | 0.0 | 95.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Changes in long-term loans to Group companies |  | 0.5 | 0.5 | 3.0 | 0.5 | 1.5 | 324.9 |
| Raised long-term receivables |  | -0.3 | -0.2 | -0.4 | -0.2 | -0.5 | -0.1 |
| Cash flow from investing activities |  | 9.2 | 0.3 | 47.4 | 0.2 | -408.9 | 285.8 |
| Cash flow after investing activities |  | 105.5 | -21.3 | -99.1 | -23.6 | -1 005.4 | 854.5 |
| Financial activities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loans raised |  | 142.9 | 328.6 | 379.4 | 354.6 | 1388.4 | 0.0 |
| Amortization of loans |  | -32.2 | -25.3 | -64.1 | -49.3 | -101.5 | -588.8 |
| Dividend paid to shareholders of the Parent company |  | -216.3 | -282.0 | -216.3 | -282.0 | -282.0 | -265.4 |
| Cash flow from financial activities |  | -105.6 | 21.3 | 99.1 | 23.3 | 1004.9 | -854.2 |
| Cash flow for the period |  | -0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.2 | -0.5 | 0.1 |
| Liquid assets at the beginning of the period |  | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| Liquid assets at the end of the period |  | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.5 |
| Liquid assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash at bank and in hand |  | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.5 |

## Balance sheet



## Statement of changes in equity

| SEK million | Share capital | Restricted reserves | Retained earnings | Share premium reserve | Result for the period | Total equity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Opening balance 2022-01-01 | 199.0 | 249.4 | 1389.1 | 48.0 | 592.8 | 2478.3 |
| Transfer according to decision at AGM |  |  | 592.8 |  | -592.8 | 0.0 |
| Result for the period |  |  |  |  | 211.1 | 211.1 |
| Total changes excluding transactions with shareholders | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 211.1 | 211.1 |
| Dividends |  |  | -282.0 |  |  | -282.0 |
| Closing balance 2022-06-30 | 199.0 | 249.4 | 1699.9 | 48.0 | 211.1 | 2407.4 |
| SEK million | Share capital | Restricted reserves | Retained earnings | Share premium reserve | Result for the period | Total equity |
| Opening balance 2023-01-01 | 199.0 | 249.4 | 1699.9 | 48.0 | 357.6 | 2553.9 |
| Transfer according to decision at AGM |  |  | 357.6 |  | -357.6 | 0.0 |
| Result for the period |  |  |  |  | 457.8 | 457.8 |
| Total changes excluding transactions with shareholders | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 457.8 | 457.8 |
| Dividends |  |  | -431.2 |  |  | -431.2 |
| Closing balance 2023-06-30 | 199.0 | 249.4 | 1626.3 | 48.0 | 457.8 | 2580.5 |




## Note 1 -Accounting policies

This report is prepared in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting and the Annual Accounts Act. The interim report for the Parent Company has been prepared according the Annual Accounts Act as well as RFR 2 Reporting for Legal Entities. Applied accounting policies are otherwise consistent with the 2022 Annual Report.

## New accounting policies for 2023

Several amendments to existing standards have been published and will come into effect in 2023 and beyond. One of these is changes in IAS 1 - Disclosure of accounting principles. To support the changes, the IASB has also developed guidance and examples to explain and identify a significant accounting principle. The company's management assesses that this change may affect information about applied accounting principles, but has not yet evaluated these effects in their entirety. Other changes are not considered to have a significant impact on New Wave Group's financial reports.

## Note 2 - Risks and risk control

New Wave Group's international operations mean that it is continuously exposed to various financial risks. The financial risks are interest rate risks, currency, liquidity and credit risks. In order to minimize the effect these risks may have on earnings, the Group has a risk policy. For a more detailed description of the Group's risk management please refer to the Annual Report 2022, note 16, p. 98-104. The Annual Report is available at the Group's headquarters in Gothenburg, Sweden, as well as at www.nwg.se.

The Group's policy is to have short fixed-rate interest periods, which means that fluctuating short-term interest rates have a rapid impact on the Group's net interest income.


The conflict between Russia and Ukraine has significantly increased geopolitical tensions, which in turn has a major impact on world trade. In this context, New Wave Group has marginal business with both Ukraine and Russia. Furthermore, the war also means increased uncertainty about economic development.

Group management and each company management closely monitor developments in the conflict between Russia and Ukraine and work closely with suppliers and customers. Strategies and activities are continuously adapted as the situation develops.

Besides the above, the Group's reported risks are deemed to be essentially unchanged.

Besides the above, the Group's reported risks are deemed to be essentially unchanged.

## Note 3 -Reporting of operating segments

## Net sales and operating result per operating segment

| SEK million Corporate | 3 months Apr - Jun 2023 | 3 months <br> Apr - Jun <br> 2022 | 6 months Jan - Jun 2023 | 6 months Jan - Jun 2022 | 12 months Jan - Dec 2022 | 12 months Jan - Dec 2021 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net sales | 1231.7 | 919.1 | 2283.6 | 1770.4 | 4152.0 | 2971.6 |
| Operating result | 225.2 | 204.4 | 428.6 | 330.2 | 813.1 | 440.8 |
| Sports \& Leisure |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net sales | 869.2 | 881.5 | 1786.6 | 1628.2 | 3782.3 | 2792.5 |
| Operating result | 140.2 | 134.5 | 268.2 | 229.7 | 647.3 | 466.0 |
| Gifts \& Home Furnishings |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net sales | 203.7 | 218.6 | 369.8 | 395.5 | 909.3 | 954.5 |
| Operating result | -1.6 | 12.1 | -19.4 | 0.2 | 44.7 | 99.1 |
| Total net sales | 2304.5 | 2019.2 | 4440.0 | 3794.1 | 8843.6 | 6718.6 |
| Total operating result | 363.9 | 351.0 | 677.3 | 560.1 | 1505.1 | 1005.9 |
| Total operating result | 363.9 | 351.0 | 677.3 | 560.1 | 1505.1 | 1005.9 |
| Net financial items | -35.1 | -10.4 | -63.6 | -20.0 | -55.0 | -43.0 |
| Result before tax | 328.8 | 340.6 | 613.8 | 540.1 | 1450.1 | 962.9 |

## Assets and liabilities per operating segment

| SEK million | Total assets | Fixed assets* | Deferred tax assets | Net <br> investments | Amortizations, depreciations and write-downs | Total liabilities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30 Jun 2023 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corporate | 7425.8 | 1198.3 | 55.5 | -33.2 | -86.6 | 3254.4 |
| Sports \& Leisure | 3325.7 | 1717.6 | 67.7 | -78.0 | -38.8 | 1507.7 |
| Gifts \& Home Furnishings | 525.7 | 327.7 | 8.9 | -12.3 | -8.8 | 328.7 |
| Total | 11277.2 | 3243.6 | 132.1 | -123.5 | -134.2 | 5090.8 |
| 30 Jun 2022 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corporate | 4939.5 | 1077.5 | 38.5 | -18.8 | -74.3 | 2502.8 |
| Sports \& Leisure | 3202.9 | 1477.6 | 55.2 | -53.1 | -34.9 | 788.7 |
| Gifts \& Home Furnishings | 382.4 | 333.5 | 14.8 | -8.6 | -7.9 | 205.4 |
| Total | 8524.8 | 2888.6 | 108.5 | -80.5 | -117.1 | 3496.9 |
| 31 Dec 2022 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corporate | 6745.4 | 1207.3 | 51.6 | -450.0 | -156.2 | 3913.1 |
| Sports \& Leisure | 3811.3 | 1548.8 | 60.5 | -55.4 | -77.0 | 935.9 |
| Gifts \& Home Furnishings | 386.8 | 332.0 | 17.1 | -16.8 | -16.0 | 204.0 |
| Total | 10943.6 | 3088.1 | 129.2 | -522.2 | -249.2 | 5053.1 |

[^3]
## Note 4 - Net sales per sales channel and operating segment

| SEK million | Corporate |  | Sports \& Leisure |  | Gifts \& Home Furnishings |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 3 \text { months } \\ \text { Apr - Jun } \\ 2023 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3 \text { months } \\ \text { Apr - Jun } \\ 2022 \end{array}$ | 3 months Apr - Jun 2023 | $\begin{array}{r} 3 \text { months } \\ \text { Apr - Jun } \\ 2022 \end{array}$ | 3 months Apr - Jun 2023 | $\begin{array}{r} 3 \text { months } \\ \text { Apr - Jun } \\ 2022 \end{array}$ | 3 months Apr - Jun 2023 | $\begin{array}{r} 3 \text { months } \\ \text { Apr - Jun } \\ 2022 \end{array}$ |
| Promo | 1226.6 | 915.3 | 302.2 | 280.9 | 42.7 | 50.4 | 1571.6 | 1246.6 |
| Retail | 5.0 | 3.8 | 566.9 | 600.6 | 161.0 | 168.2 | 733.0 | 772.6 |
| Total | 1231.7 | 919.1 | 869.2 | 881.5 | 203.7 | 218.6 | 2304.5 | 2019.2 |
| SEK million | Corporate |  | Sports \& Leisure |  | Gifts \& Home Furnishings |  | Total |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Jun } \\ 2023 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Jun } \\ 2022 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Jun } \\ 2023 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Jun } \\ 2022 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Jun } \\ 2023 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Jun } \\ 2022 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Jun } \\ 2023 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Jun } \\ 2022 \end{array}$ |
| Promo | 2274.3 | 1763.4 | 550.3 | 481.3 | 73.5 | 84.8 | 2898.1 | 2329.5 |
| Retail | 9.3 | 7.0 | 1236.3 | 1146.9 | 296.3 | 310.7 | 1541.9 | 1464.6 |
| Total | 2283.6 | 1770.4 | 1786.6 | 1628.2 | 369.8 | 395.5 | 4440.0 | 3794.1 |
| SEK million | Corporate |  | Sports \& Leisure |  | Gifts \& Home Furnishings |  | Total |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 12 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Dec } \\ 2022 \end{array}$ | 12 months $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan - Dec } \\ 2021 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 12 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Dec } \\ 2022 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 12 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Dec } \\ 2021 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 12 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Dec } \\ 2022 \end{array}$ | 12 months Jan - Dec 2021 | $\begin{array}{r} 12 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Dec } \\ 2022 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 12 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Dec } \\ 2021 \end{array}$ |
| Promo | 4132.4 | 2949.9 | 1054.9 | 742.1 | 229.5 | 265.3 | 5416.8 | 3957.3 |
| Retail | 19.6 | 21.7 | 2727.4 | 2050.4 | 679.8 | 689.2 | 3426.8 | 2761.3 |
| Total | 4152.0 | 2971.6 | 3782.3 | 2792.5 | 909.3 | 954.5 | 8843.6 | 6718.6 |



## Note ぶ- Reporting of geographic areas

## Net sales per geographic area

| SEK million | Corporate |  | Sports \& Leisure |  | Gifts \& Home Furnishings |  | Total |  | Change \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 3 months <br> Apr - Jun 2023 | 3 months Apr - Jun 2022 | 3 months Apr - Jun 2023 | 3 months Apr - Jun 2022 | 3 months Apr - Jun 2023 | 3 months Apr - Jun 2022 | 3 months Apr - Jun 2023 | 3 months Apr - Jun 2022 |  |
| USA | 55.6 | 63.3 | 448.3 | 448.5 | 12.6 | 15.0 | 516.5 | 526.8 | -2\% |
| Sweden | 135.9 | 142.7 | 154.7 | 154.4 | 173.0 | 180.1 | 463.7 | 477.2 | -3\% |
| Central Europe | 426.2 | 219.2 | 87.5 | 93.3 | 5.3 | 7.5 | 519.0 | 320.0 | 62\% |
| Nordic countries excl. Sweden | 142.3 | 135.8 | 118.9 | 125.6 | 10.3 | 12.3 | 271.5 | 273.7 | -1\% |
| Southern Europe | 293.0 | 264.3 | 28.0 | 26.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 321.1 | 290.7 | 10\% |
| Other countries | 178.7 | 93.8 | 31.7 | 33.4 | 2.3 | 3.6 | 212.7 | 130.8 | 63\% |
| Total | 1231.7 | 919.1 | 869.2 | 881.5 | 203.7 | 218.6 | 2304.5 | 2019.2 | 14\% |


| SEK million | Corporate |  | Sports \& Leisure |  | Gifts \& Home Furnishings |  | Total |  | Change \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Jun } \\ 2023 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Jun } \\ 2022 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Jun } \\ 2023 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Jun } \\ 2022 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Jun } \\ 2023 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Jun } \\ 2022 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Jun } \\ 2023 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Jun } \\ 2022 \end{array}$ |  |
| USA | 125.5 | 132.0 | 884.4 | 783.0 | 26.3 | 29.0 | 1036.1 | 943.9 | 10\% |
| Sweden | 247.8 | 254.7 | 341.2 | 313.5 | 307.3 | 322.2 | 896.3 | 890.4 | 1\% |
| Central Europe | 824.2 | 409.1 | 186.6 | 184.4 | 10.5 | 12.2 | 1021.3 | 605.7 | 69\% |
| Nordic countries excl. Sweden | 254.9 | 235.5 | 242.5 | 229.0 | 19.8 | 24.7 | 517.2 | 489.2 | 6\% |
| Southern Europe | 573.9 | 485.3 | 58.5 | 48.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 632.6 | 533.7 | 19\% |
| Other countries | 257.3 | 253.9 | 73.5 | 70.1 | 5.7 | 7.2 | 336.5 | 331.2 | 2\% |
| Total | 2283.6 | 1770.4 | 1786.6 | 1628.2 | 369.8 | 395.5 | 4440.0 | 3794.1 | 17\% |
| SEK million | Corporate |  | Sports \& Leisure |  | Gifts \& Home Furnishings |  | Total |  | Change \% |
|  | 12 months Jan - Dec 2022 | $\begin{array}{r} 12 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Dec } \\ 2021 \end{array}$ | 12 months Jan - Dec 2022 | $\begin{array}{r} 12 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Dec } \\ 2021 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 12 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Dec } \\ 2022 \end{array}$ | 12 months Jan - Dec 2021 | 12 months Jan - Dec 2022 | $\begin{array}{r} 12 \text { months } \\ \text { Jan - Dec } \\ 2021 \end{array}$ |  |
| USA | 303.5 | 203.6 | 1769.5 | 1145.0 | 66.0 | 60.4 | 2139.0 | 1409.0 | 52\% |
| Sweden | 545.0 | 476.1 | 724.3 | 637.6 | 740.8 | 799.4 | 2010.1 | 1913.1 | 5\% |
| Central Europe | 1201.0 | 660.8 | 413.1 | 338.9 | 25.0 | 26.0 | 1639.1 | 1025.7 | 60\% |
| Nordic countries excl. Sweden | 494.5 | 401.3 | 526.7 | 411.4 | 62.4 | 49.8 | 1083.6 | 862.5 | 26\% |
| Southern Europe | 1059.6 | 779.3 | 119.3 | 83.2 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 1179.3 | 862.9 | 37\% |
| Other countries | 548.4 | 450.5 | 229.4 | 176.4 | 14.7 | 18.5 | 792.5 | 645.4 | 23\% |
| Total | 4152.0 | 2971.6 | 3782.3 | 2792.5 | 909.3 | 954.5 | 8843.6 | 6718.6 | 32\% |

## Fixed assets and deferred tax assets per geographic area

| SEK million | 30 Jun 2023 | 30 Jun 2022 |  |  | 31 Dec 2022 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Fixed assets* | Deferred tax assets | Fixed assets* | Deferred tax assets | Fixed assets* | Deferred tax assets |
| USA | 1437.9 | 48.3 | 1233.2 | 47.3 | 1323.3 | 51.1 |
| Sweden | 760.3 | 24.7 | 755.5 | 22.5 | 723.7 | 26.3 |
| Central Europe | 491.3 | 18.5 | 317.8 | 9.5 | 477.2 | 16.3 |
| Nordic countries excl. Sweden | 188.4 | 6.5 | 226.6 | 4.5 | 206.7 | 6.5 |
| Southern Europe | 235.2 | 21.5 | 209.9 | 17.5 | 223.9 | 20.9 |
| Other countries | 130.5 | 12.6 | 145.7 | 7.2 | 133.3 | 8.1 |
| Total | 3243.6 | 132.1 | 2888.6 | 108.5 | 3088.1 | 129.2 |

* Financial fixed assets are not included



## Note 6 - Financial instruments

|  | 30 Jun | 30 Jun | 31 Dec | 31 Dec |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SEK million | 2023 | 2022 | 2022 | 2021 |
| Assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | 4.2 | 8.0 | 2.4 | 3.3 |
| Assets at amortized cost | 2010.1 | 1738.7 | 2258.1 | 1777.5 |
| Total financial assets | 2014.3 | 1746.7 | 2260.5 | 1780.8 |
| Liabilities at fair value through other comprehensive income | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Liabilities at amortized cost | 3951.4 | 2985.7 | 3862.9 | 2662.4 |
| Total financial liabilites | 3951.4 | 2985.7 | 3862.9 | 2662.4 |

Financial instruments are measured at fair value or amortized cost according to classification in the consolidated balance sheet.

## Note フ-Pledged assets and contingent liabilities

## GROUP

## SEK million

Floating charges
Property mortgages
Net assets in Group companies
Shares in associated companies
Stock and accounts receivable
Total

| 30 Jun | 30 Jun | 31 Dec | 31 Dec |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2023 | 2022 | 2022 | 2021 |
| 690.5 | 690.5 | 690.5 | 690.5 |
| 199.7 | 192.0 | 201.5 | 179.8 |
| 4438.0 | 3733.3 | 4286.3 | 3337.8 |
| 8.3 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 8.3 |
| 580.9 | 407.2 | 560.0 | 353.5 |
| 5917.4 | 5031.3 | 5746.6 | 4569.9 |
| 30 Jun | 30 Jun | 31 Dec | 31 Dec |
| 2023 | 2022 | 2022 | 2021 |
| 15.4 | 12.7 | 13.8 | 12.2 |
| 126.1 | 137.1 | 132.9 | 141.9 |
| 15.4 | 12.7 | 13.8 | 12.2 |
| 126.1 | 137.1 | 132.9 | 141.9 |
| 30 Jun | 30 Jun | 31 Dec | 31 Dec |
| 2023 | 2022 | 2022 | 2021 |
| 30.0 | 30.0 | 30.0 | 30.0 |
| 1694.0 | 1737.7 | 1739.1 | 1737.7 |
| 8.3 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 8.3 |
| 1732.3 | 1776.0 | 1777.4 | 1776.0 |
| 30 Jun | 30 Jun | 31 Dec | 31 Dec |
| 2023 | 2022 | 2022 | 2021 |
| 426.8 | 710.2 | 589.8 | 633.5 |
| 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 |
| 432.8 | 716.2 | 595.8 | 639.5 |



## Note 8 -Subsequent events

New Wave Group has as of 1st of July 2023 acquired $100 \%$ of the shares in the Swedish outdoor company Tenson AB.

Tenson AB, the Swedish outdoor \& lifestyle brand with roots from the Swedish west coast (founded in Varberg 1951) has over the past four years undergone a restructuring \& repositioning process that included the entire spectrum regarding brand, product, marketing, sales and channel strategies. Through the acquisition and integration of the company, New Wave Group will give Tenson access to the resources and synergies required to enter the next phase of the above-mentioned process - to scale up operations and profitability

In 2022, the Tenson Group's sales amounted to approximately SEK $\mathbf{1 3 0}$ million with a loss after tax of approximately SEK 8.5 million. The purchase price amounts to SEK 1 based on equity at closing on the 1st of July 2023 of at least SEK 6.53 million, where the brand is booked at approximately SEK 31 million. The acquisition is not expected to have any major impact on the result during the second half of 2023 but is expected to have a positive impact on New Wave Group's result already in 2024.

## Condensed quarterly consolidated income statements



* The average number of outstanding shares. before and after dilution, has been $123,087,086$ in all periods in the table.
*Recalculated with regard to the 2:1 share split carried out in June 2023


## Condensed quarterly consolidated cash flow statements

| SEK million |
| :--- |
| Quarter |
| Cash flow from operating activities before |
| changes in working capital |

## Definitions of alternative performance measures

Guidelines concerning non-IFRS performance measures for companies with securities listed on a regulated market in the EU have been issued by ESMA (The European Securities and Markets Authority). These guidelines are to be applied to alternative performance measures (APM) applied as of July 3, 2016. The Interim Report refers to a number of non-IFRS performance measures used to assist investors and company management to analyze the company's operations. Because not all companies calculate the financial measures in the same way, these are not
always comparable to measures used by other companies. These financial measures should not be seen as a substitute for measures defined under IFRS. A description of the various non-IFRS performance measures used as a complement to the financial information reported according to IFRS and how they are used, is presented below. A reconciliation of alternative performance measures is available on www.nwg.se/en/investor-relations/ financial-reports/key-numbers.

## PERFORMANCE

OPERATING MARGIN
BEFORE DEPRECIATIONS

NET FINANCIAL ITEMS

MEASURES
GROSS PROFIT MARGIN

OPERATING MARGIN
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { PROFIT MARGIN } & \text { Result before tax as a percentage of the period's net sales. } \\ \text { NET MARGIN } & \text { Result after tax as a percentage of the period's net sales. } \\ \text { NET SALES GROWTH } & \text { Sales growth including currency effects. }\end{array}$

## DEFINITION/CALCULATION

Net sales less goods for resale in percent of net sales.

Operating result as a percentage of the period's net sales

Organic growth refers to sales growth from existing operations cleared from currency effects. The currency effect is calculated by recalculating this year's sales in local currencies to last year's rates and compared to previous year's sales.

Operating result before depreciation as a percentage of the period's net sales.

The total of interest income, interest expenses, currency differences on borrowings and cash equivalents in foreign currencies, other financial income and other financial expenses.

## PURPOSE

The measure is used for showing the Group's margins before the effect of costs such as selling and administrative costs.

The measure is used to show operating profitability and how the Group meets its targets.

The measure enables the profitability to be compared across locations where corporate taxes differ.

The measure is used to show net earnings in relation to income.

The measure is used to show growth in the Group and to measure how the Group meets its targets.

The measure is used to show growth in existing business since currency effects are beyond the Group's control and to measure how the Group meets its targets.

The measure is used to show operating profitability and how the Group meets its targets, regardless of depreciation, amortization and write-downs.

The measure reflects the Group's total costs of the external financing.

## RETURN MEASURES

RETURN ON
CAPITAL EMPLOYED

RETURN ON EQUITY

## DEFINITION/CALCULATION

Rolling 12 month's result before tax plus financial expenses as a percentage of average capital employed. The average capital employed is calculated by taking the capital employed per period end and the capital employed at year-end for the previous year divided by two.

Rolling 12 month's result for the period according to the income statement as a percentage of average equity. The average equity is calculated by taking the equity per period end and the equity at year-end for the previous year divided by two. For the Parent company it is calculated as result after tax as a percentage of average adjusted equity. In adjusted equity, the equity part of untaxed reserves is included.

## PURPOSE

The measure is used to analyze profitability by putting result in relation to the capital needed to operate the business.

The measure is used to analyze profitability over time, given the resources available to the Parent company's owners.

DATA PER SHARE
EQUITY PER SHARE

## DEFINITION/CALCULATION

Equity at the end of the period divided by number of shares at the end of the period.

## PURPOSE

Equity per share measures the net asset value per share and determines if a company is increasing shareholder value over time.

CAPITAL MEASURES

## EQUITY

CAPITAL EMPLOYED

WORKING CAPITAL

NET DEBT

NET DEBT TO CREDIT INSTITUTES

CAPITAL TURNOVER

INVENTORY TURNOVER

NET DEBT TO
EQUITY RATIO

NET DEBT IN RELATION TO WORKING CAPITAL

INTEREST COVERAGE RATIO

EQUITY RATIO
Total equity as a percentage of total assets.

## DEFINITION/CALCULATION

The equity reported in the consolidated balance sheet consists of taxed equity increased by the equity portion of the Group's untaxed reserves and non-controlling interests. Deferred tax liability in untaxed reserves has been calculated at the applicable tax rates for the companies in each country, as decided and communicated at the balance sheet date.

Total assets less provisions and non-interest bearing liabilities, which consist of accounts payable, current tax liabilities, other liabilities and accrued expenses and prepaid income.

Total current assets, excluding liquid assets and current tax receivables, less short-term non-interest bearing liabilities excluding current tax liabilities.

Interest-bearing liabilities (current and non-current) less cash and cash equivalents.

Interest-bearing liabilities (current and non-current) less lease liabilities and less cash and cash equivalents.

Rolling 12 month's net sales divided by average total assets. The average total assets is calculated by taking the total assets per period end and the total assets at year-end for the previous year divided by two.

Rolling 12 month's goods for resale in the income statement divided by average inventory. The average inventory is calculated by taking the inventory per period end and the inventory at the same period for the previous year divided by two.

Net debt as a percentage of equity.

Net debt divided by working capital.

Result before tax plus financial costs divided by financial costs. (

## PURPOSE

The measure is the difference between the Group's assets and liabilities, which corresponds to the Group's equity contributed by owners and the Group's accumulated profits.

The measure indicates how much capital is needed to run the business, regardless of type of financing (borrowed or equity).

The measure is used to show how much capital is needed to finance operating activities.

The measure shows financing from borrowings.

The measure shows financing from borrowings excluding lease liabilties

The measure shows how efficiently the Group uses its total capital.

The measure is used to show the inventory's turnover per year, since the stock is central for the Group to keep a good service level, i.e. to be able to deliver goods fast.

The measure helps show financial risk and is useful for management to monitor the level of the indebtedness.

The measure is used to show how much of the working capital is financed through net debt.

The measure is used to calculate the Group's ability to pay interest costs.

The measure shows how much of the Group's assets are financed by the shareholders through equity. An equity ratio is a measure of financial strength and how the Group meets its targets.

## OTHER MEASURES

EFFECTIVE TAX RATE

EFFECTIVE INTEREST RATE

## CASH FLOW FROM

 OPERATIONSNET INVESTMENTS

## DEFINITION/CALCULATION

Tax on profit for the period as a percentage of result before tax.

Net financial items in relation to average net debt.

Cash flow from operating activities including changes in working capital and before cash flows from investing and financing activities.

Cash flow from investing activities according to the cash flow analysis which includes investments and divestments of buildings, acquisitions, investments in tangible and intangible assets and raised long-term debt.

## PURPOSE

This measure enables comparison of income tax across locations where corporate taxes differ.

The measure enables comparison of cost for the net debt.

The measure is used to show the cash flow generated by the company's operations

The measure is used to regularly estimate how much cash is used for investments in operations and for expansion.

## Newtlawe

New Wave Group is a growth group that designs, acquires and develops brands and products in the corporate, sports, gifts and home furnishings sectors. The Group shall achieve synergies by coordinating design, purchasing, marketing, warehousing and distribution of the assortment. The Group shall offer its products to the promo market and the retail market in order to achieve good risk diversification.

[^4]
[^0]:    This information is information that New Wave Group AB is obliged to make public pursuant to the EU Market Abuse Regulation and the Swedish Securities Market Act. The information was submitted for publication, through the agency of the contact persons detailed above, at 7.00 a.m. CET on August 16 th, 2023.

[^1]:    *Earnings per share and the average number of outstanding shares are the same before and after dilution.
    **Recalculated with regard to the 2:1 share split carried out in June 2023.

[^2]:    For definitions of alternative performance measures, see page 32.

[^3]:    * Financial fixed assets are not included

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